Microsoft's Team Foundation Server (TFS)

Canute Magalhaes
Richland County (IT)
SYSTEMS ANALYST / PROJECT LEAD

Topics for this Presentation

- Why Richland County IT Business Systems Division uses Team Foundation Server (TFS)
- What is Team Foundation Server
- Version Control with TFS
- Automating Builds with TFS
- Programmatically Interfacing with TFS
- Demo a triggered build
- Questions

Why Richland County IT - Business Systems Division uses TFS - Challenges

- Possibility of more than one user working on a file simultaneously.
- Need file / code synchronization, repository, history, authorization, etc.
- Need developers working as a group, doing building, code trails, System Integration and Functionality testing.
- Nice to have an Early Notification of bad checked-In code.
- Cannot have a Single Point Of Failure, with work-in-process files sitting on local machine.
- Need designated teams managing their respective builds without developer involvement.
- Did not have consolidated environment for version control, repository, build process etc.
- Need to run builds under an authorized account

Multiple solutions under one Umbrella TFS

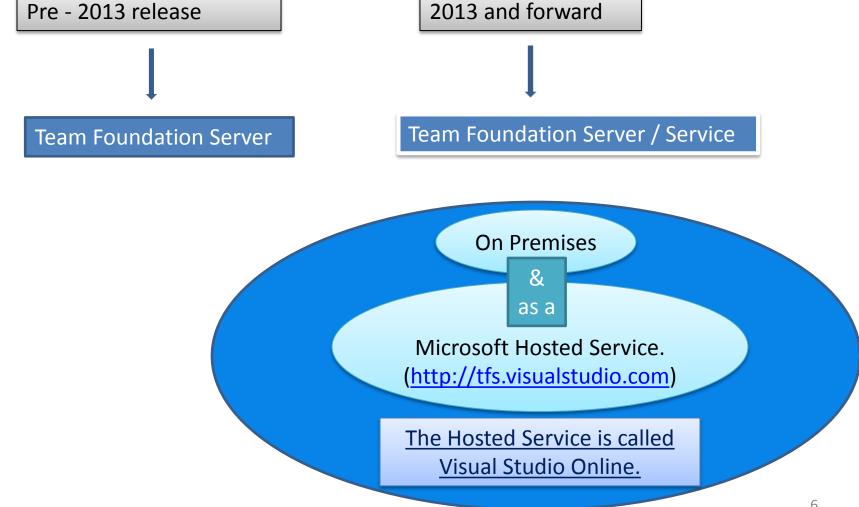
- We are a Microsoft shop.
- We have TFS in our MSDN subscription.
- Multi-User Check-outs
- File / code synchronization, repository, history, authorization, etc.
- Developers can doing development builds for System integration and functionality testing with version control.
- ShelveSet lets you save work-in-process files on to the TFS server.
- Analysts now determine and manage QA builds without developer involvement.
- Builds are kicked off and pushed to Staging and Production under an authorized account by the concerned groups.
- One consolidated environment for version control, repository, build process etc. Run under an authorized account.

What is Team Foundation Server (TFS)

Team Foundation Server is the collaboration platform at the core of Microsoft's Application Lifecycle Management (ALM) solution.

Source http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/vstudio/ff637362.aspx

Team Foundation Server Releases

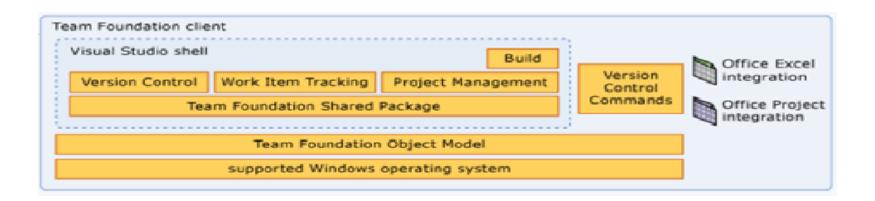


Team Foundation Server Architecture

Team Foundation Server has three logical tiers

- Client tier
- Application tier
- Data tier

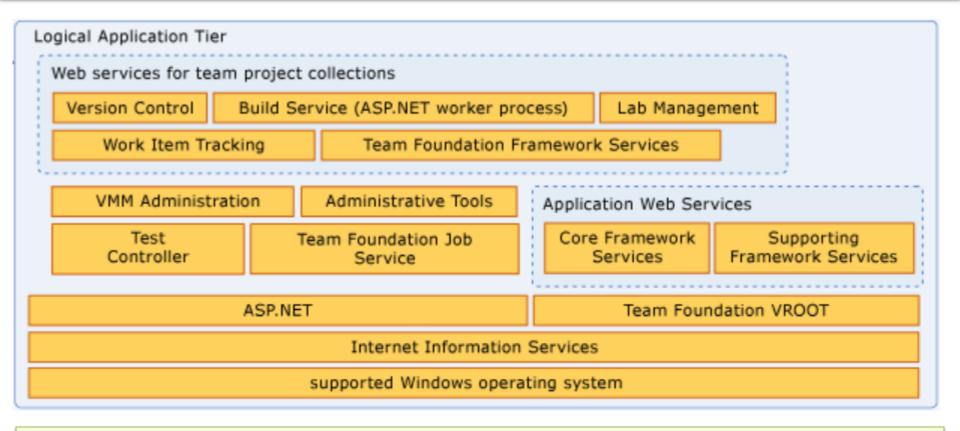
Client Tier



The client tier consists of Visual Studio Industry Partners (VSIP) components, Microsoft Office integration, command-line interfaces, etc.

VSIPs: Applied Materials, App Dev, github, etc.

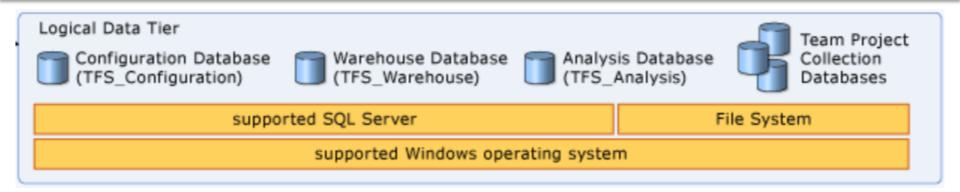
Application Tier



Server-level services (also known as application-level services) provide the functionality for operations for Team Foundation Server as a software application.

The client tier communicates with the application tier through the server object model, and uses the same Web services that are listed for that tier. This is true whether you deploy TFS locally, or if you use Visual Studio Online.

Data Tier



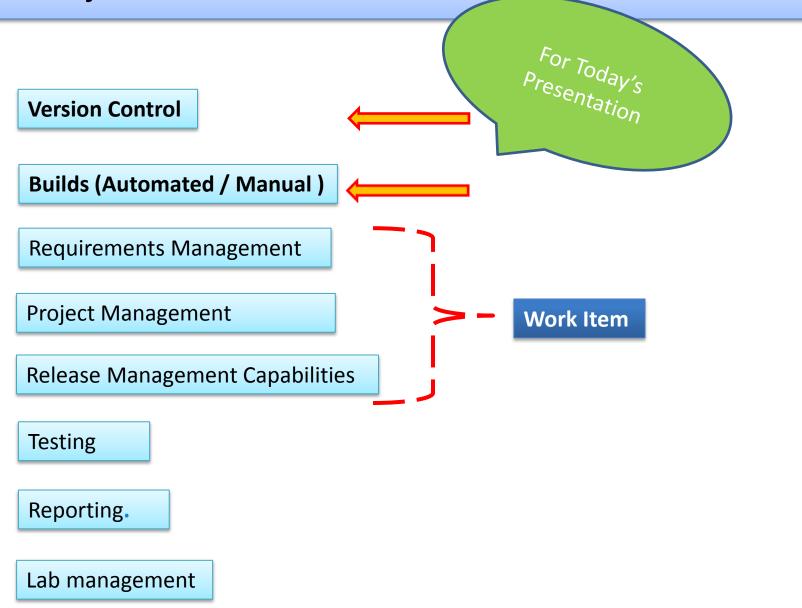
The data tier includes data, stored procedures, and other associated logic. When you use Visual Studio Online, the data tier is hosted for you using SQL Server Azure. In a local deployment of TFS, the logical data tier consists of the operational stores within SQL Server.

- Configuration database (TFS_Configuration)
- Application warehouse (TFS_Warehouse)
- Analysis Services database (TFS_Analysis)
- Databases for team project collections (TFS_CollectionName)

These stores might be located on one physical server or distributed across many servers.

Source: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms252473.aspx

Major Features Included In Team Foundation Server



Connecting to Team Foundation Server

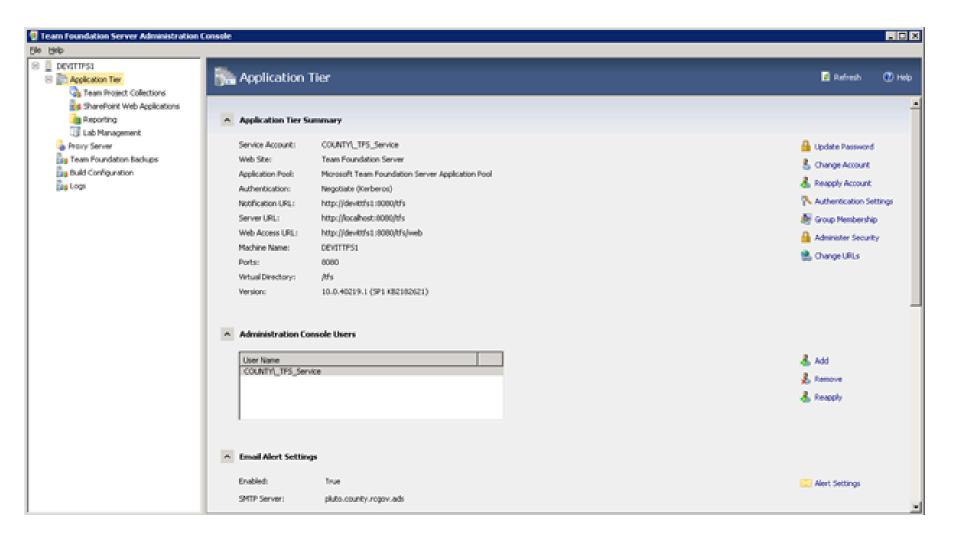
Team Foundation Server Administration Console

Visual Studio IDE

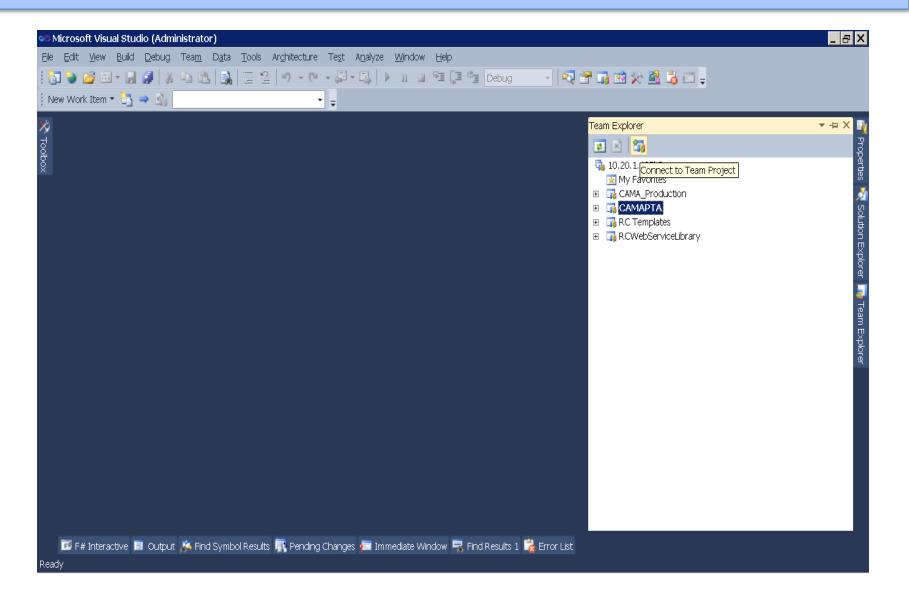
Team Web Access

Team Explorer Everywhere

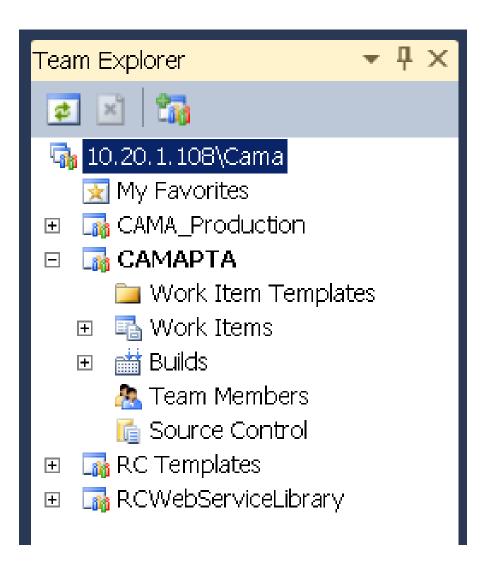
Team Foundation Server Administration Console



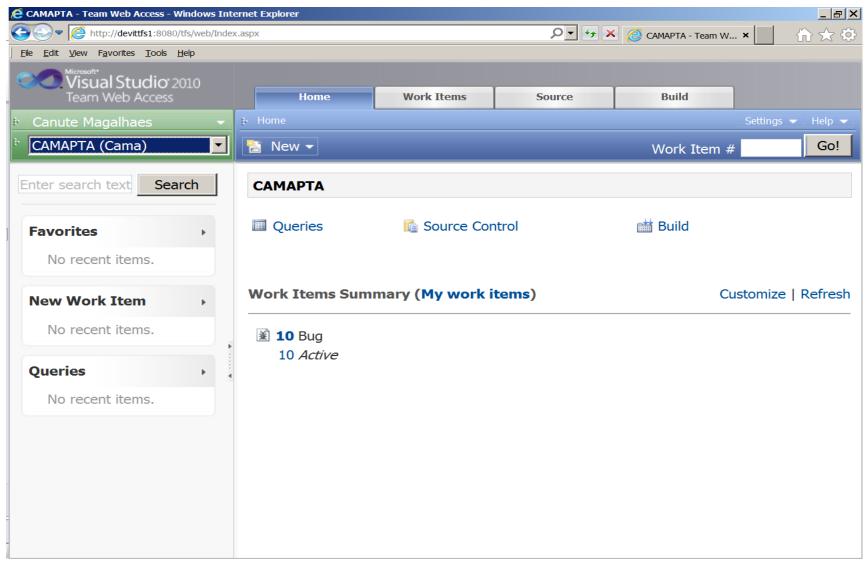
Via Visual Studio



Team Explorer packaged with Visual Studio



Team Web Access



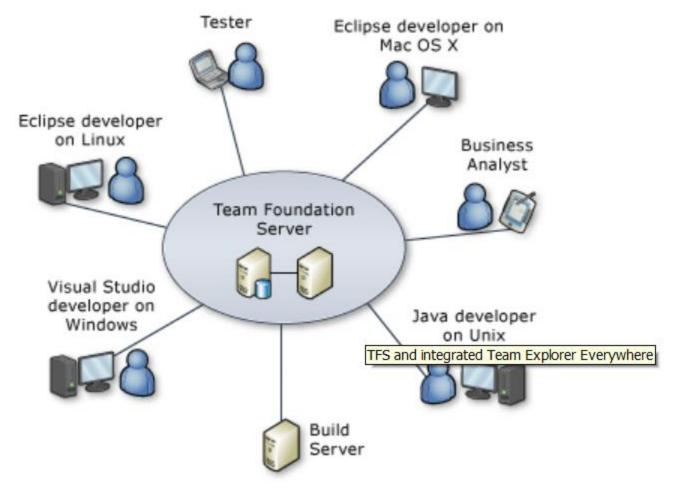
Check-In, Check-Out from Team Foundation Server without an IDE?

Team Explorer Everywhere

Download Available:

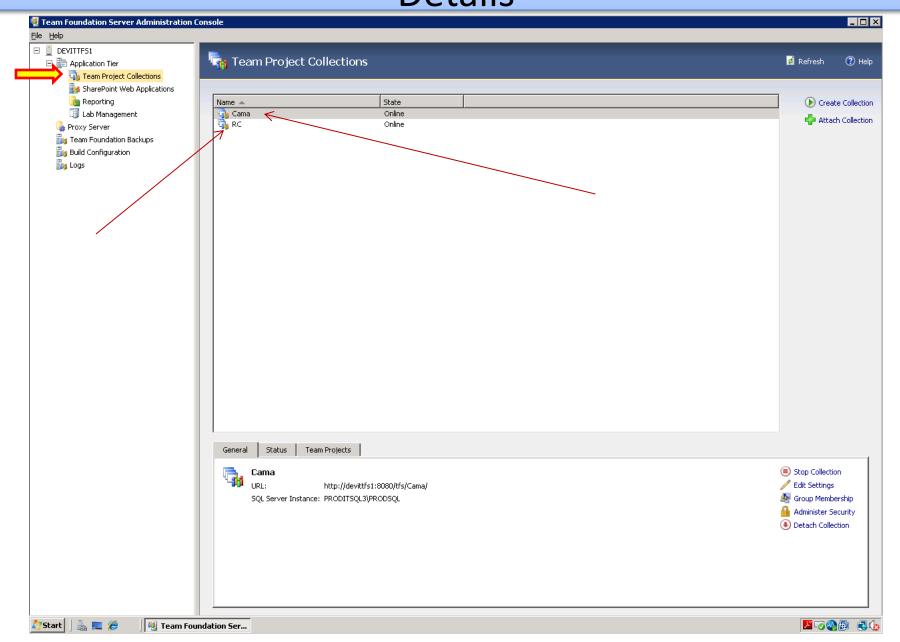
http://www.visualstudio.com/en-us/downloads#d-team-explorer-everywhere

According to Microsoft: Your team can collaborate across platforms and improve the predictability of your development processes by using Team Explorer Everywhere.

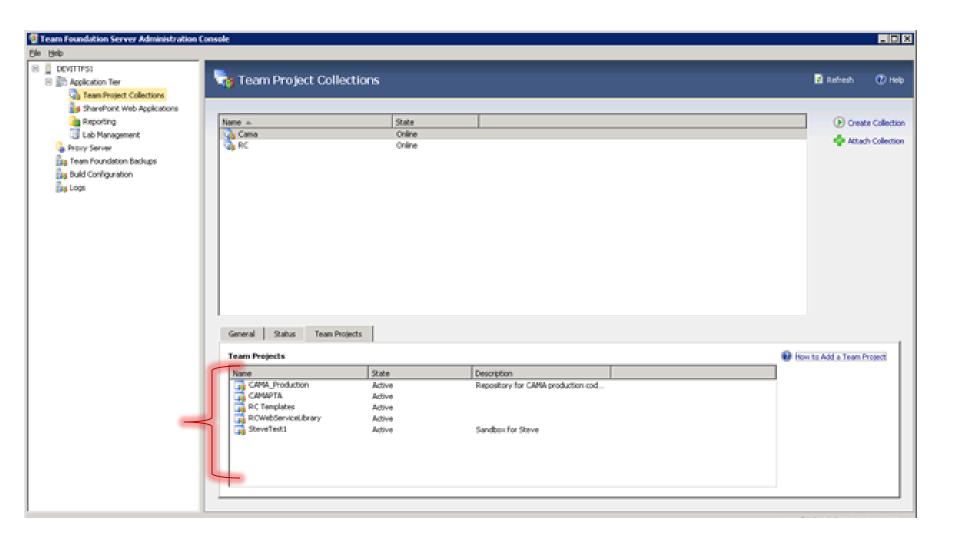


How to get started with Team Explorer Everywhere: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg413285.aspx

Team Foundation Server Administration Console - Details

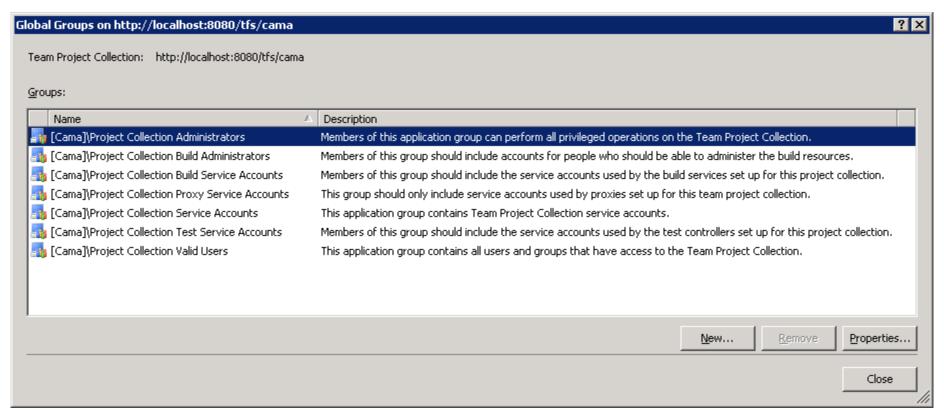


Team Projects In Collection

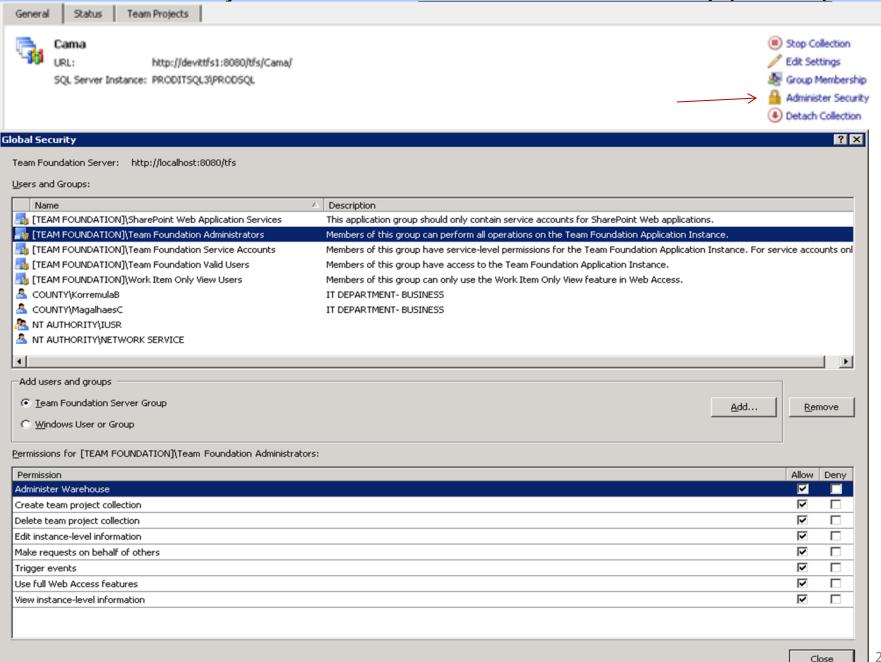


Team Project Collection Security Groups





Team Project Collection Administration Security (Global)

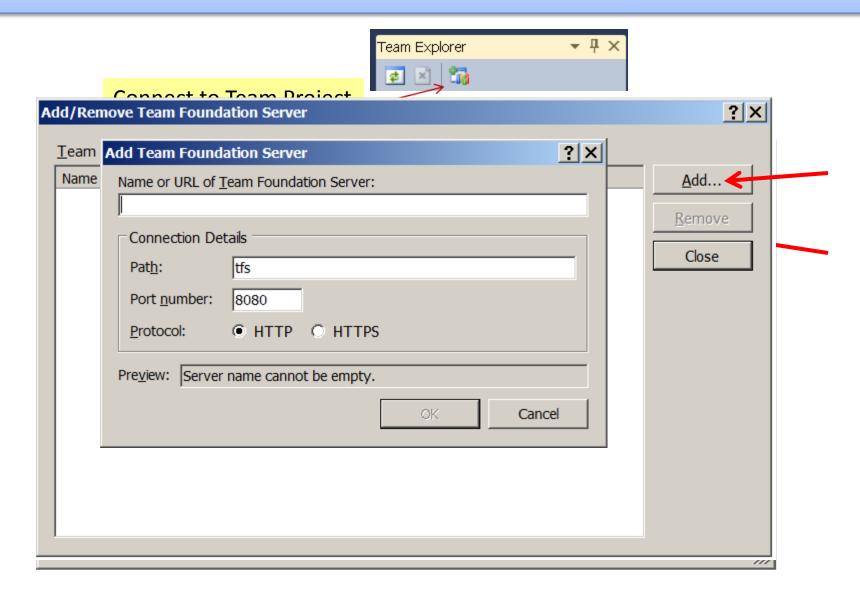


Team Project Collection <u>Database Repository</u>

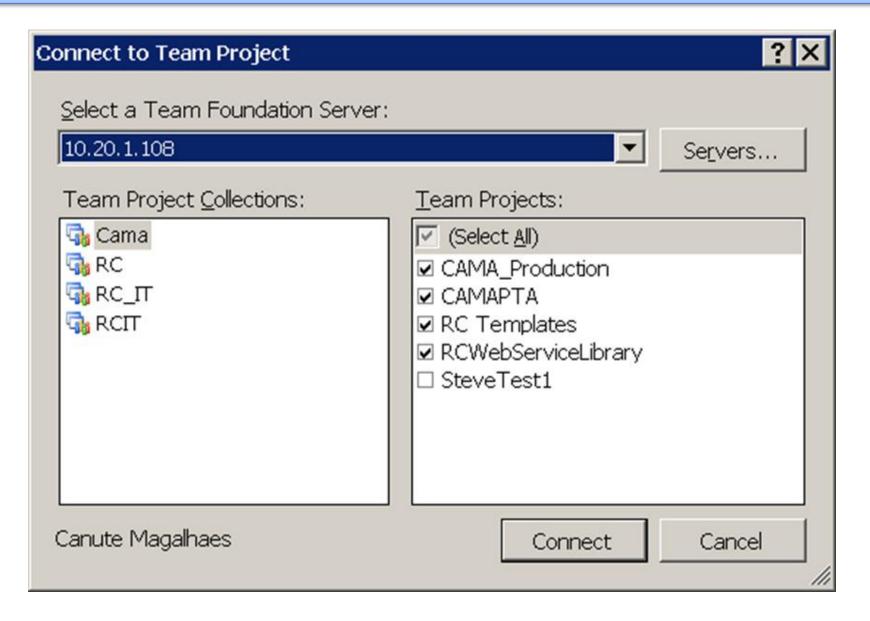




TFS thru Visual Studio using Team Explorer

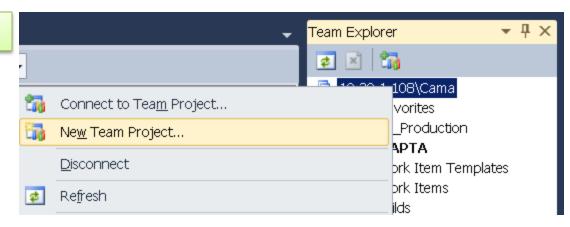


Collections and Projects on TFS



Adding Team Project To Collection

Using Visual Studio. Team Explorer

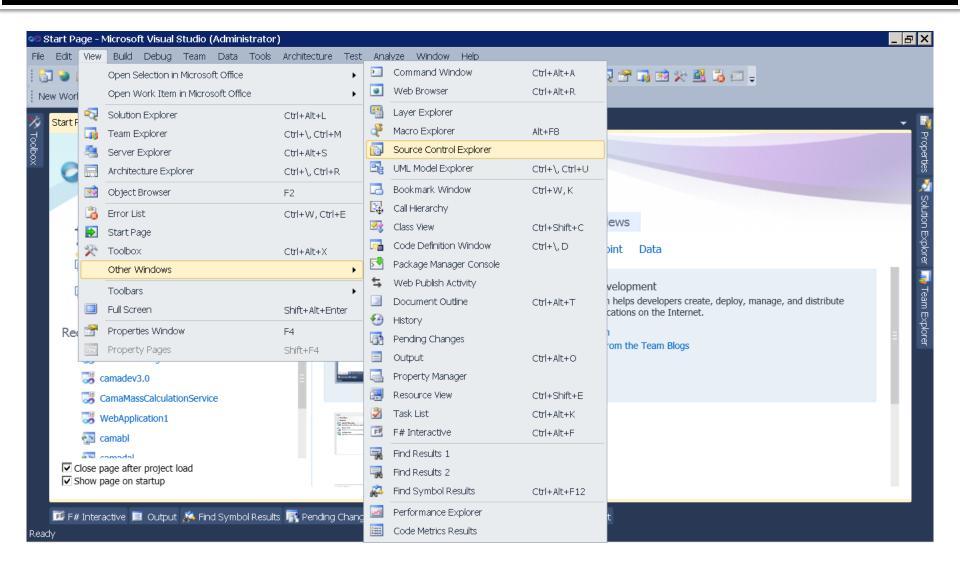


Using the command line (TFPT.exe)

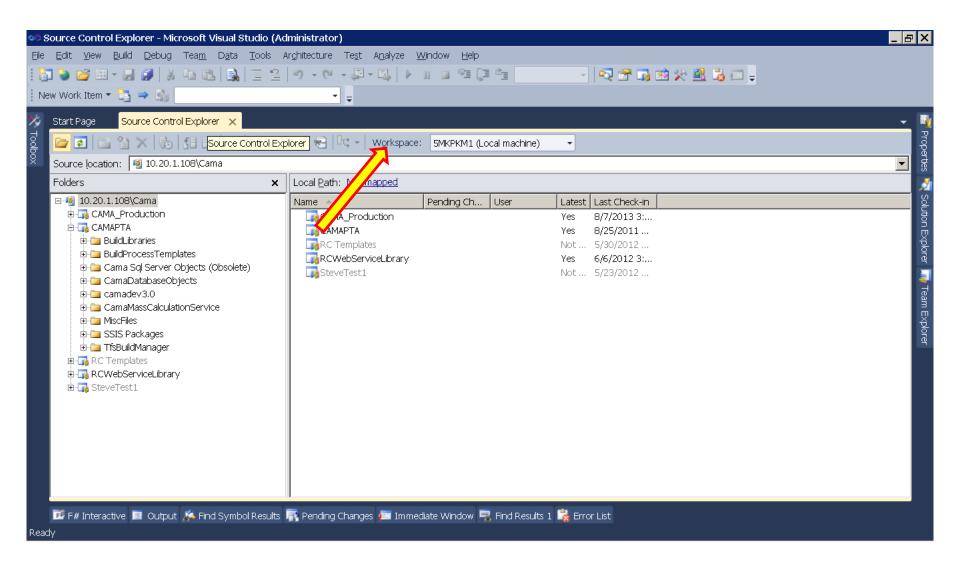
```
TFPT CreatTeamproject
```

```
/collection:uri
/teamproject:"project name"
/processtemplate:"template name"
[/sourcecontrol:New | None | Branch:branchpath]
[/log:"logfolder"]
[/validate]
[/verbose]
```

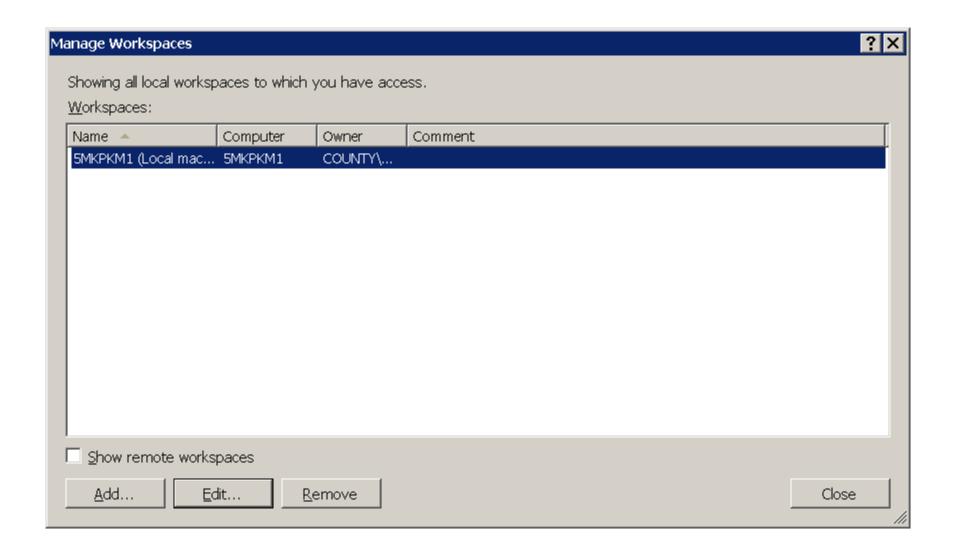
Version Control with TFS via (Visual Studio IDE)



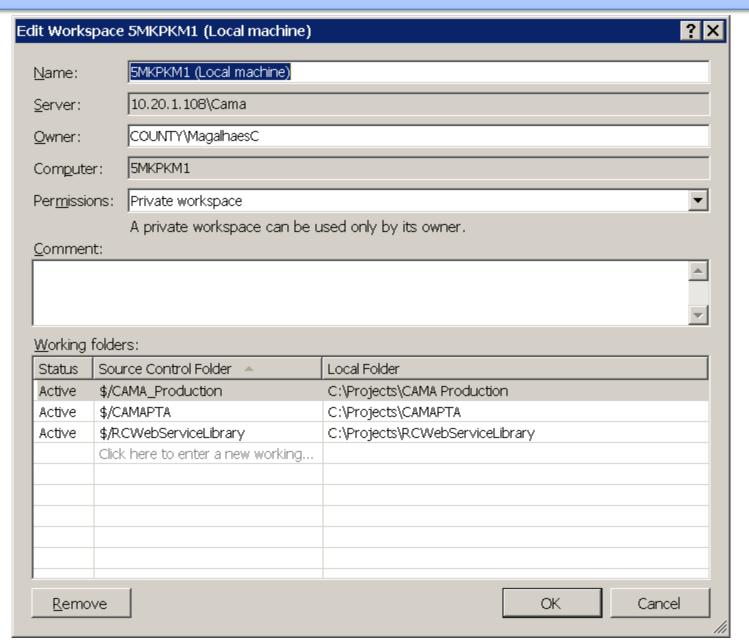
Source Control Explorer



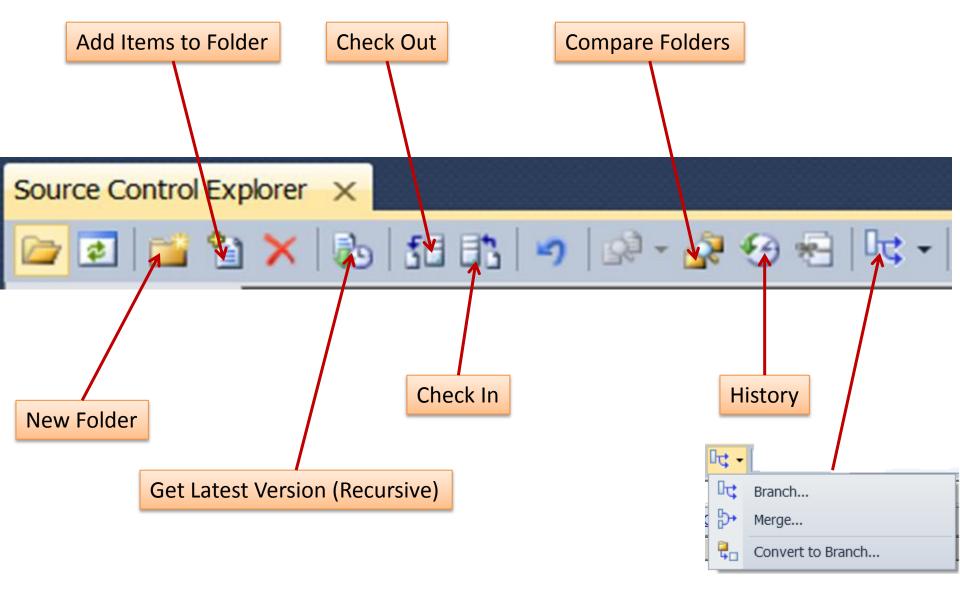
Workspace



Configuring workspace



Buttons on Source Control Explorer



Hierarchy & Relationship In Version Control

Whenever

a

document

or

documents

are checked-In

TFS generates a

Changeset number

Which uniquely identifies the file/s and its/their contents.

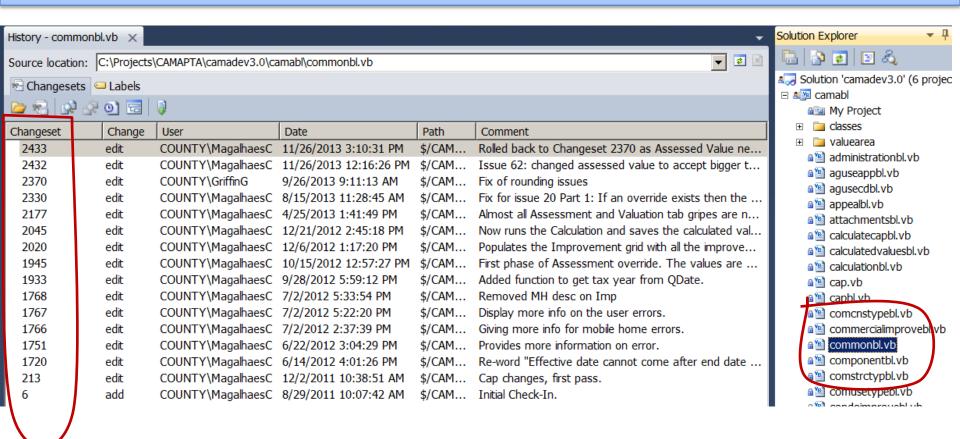
Α

Label

is a collection of Changesets

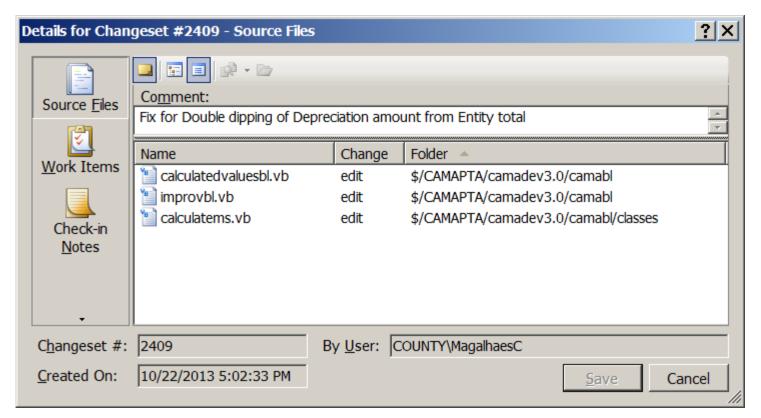
More precisely, when a Label is created. The changeset number of the latest version, of each file in the **TFS Project**, at the time the label is being created, is taken and that collection of changesets, becomes the metadata of that Label.

Changesets (versions) of a file

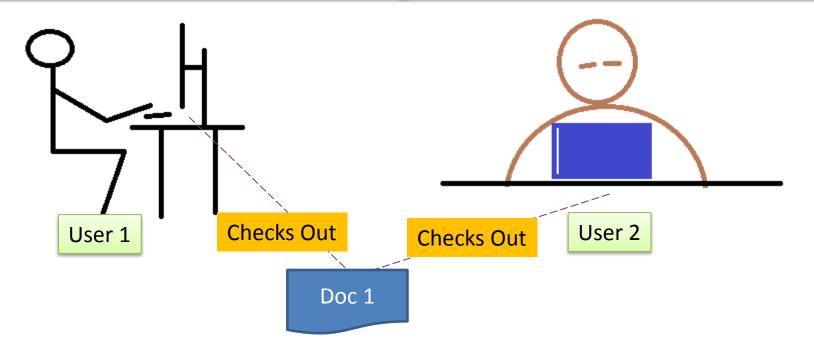


Files in a Changeset

Changeset		Change	User	Date		Path	Comment
2409		TS.	COUNTY/M C	10/22/2	013 5:02:33 PM	\$/CAM	Fix for Double dipping of Depreciation amount fro
2384		View			13 2:39:38 PM	\$/CAM	Removed another place where depreciation was b
2333		Changeset	t Details		13 1:46:58 PM	\$/CAM	First pass of Mass Recalculation iteration 1, withou
2313		Compare			3 2:06:19 PM	\$/CAM	Fix for Defect 1 in QA - IMP Values are being reca
2189		Compare			3 10:21:51 AM	\$/CAM	First check in of Tms Stratification page.
2185	ള	Annotate			3 9:41:45 AM	\$/CAM	Fix for calculating Manual improvements
2181	园	Track Cha	ngeset		13 6:29:39 PM	\$/CAM	Add the procedure to retrieve the last active time
2177			<u>-</u>		12 1.41.40 DM	¢/CAM	Almost all Accessment and Valuation tab arines ar



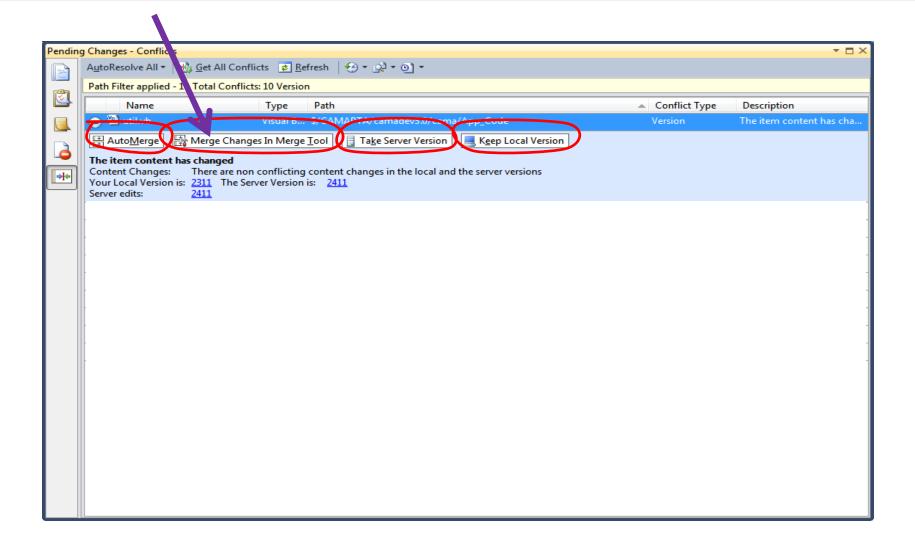
Merge



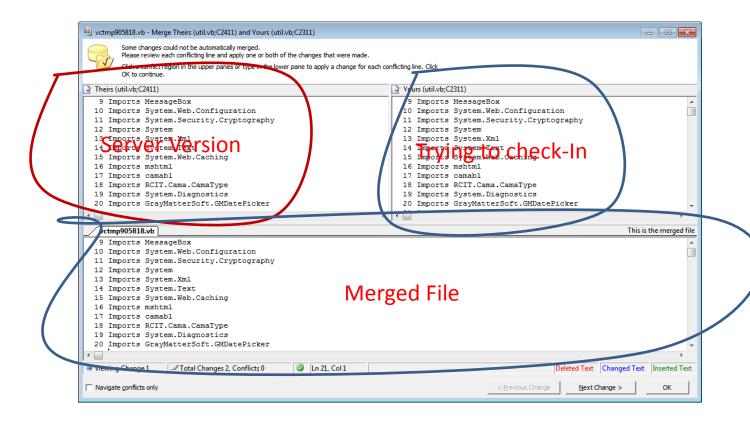
User 1 changes **Doc 1**and
Check-In

When user 2 changes Doc 1 and tries to Check-In

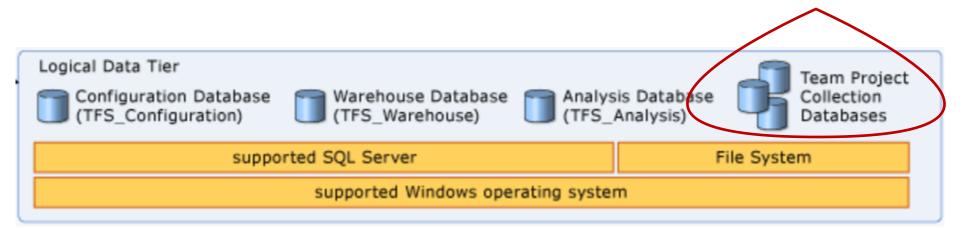
Pending Changes conflicts

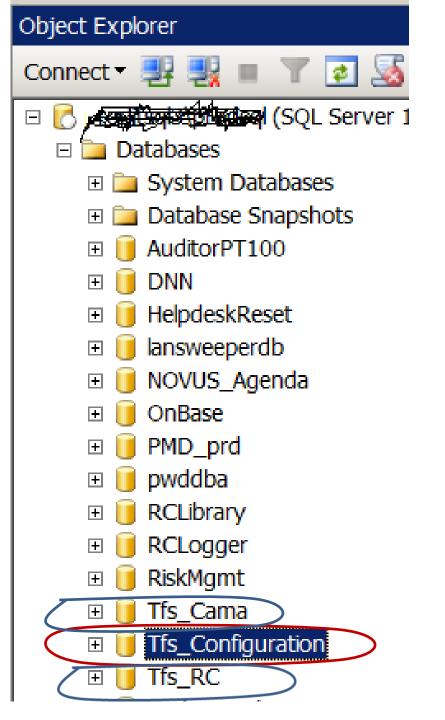


TFS Merge Tool



Where do project files reside in TFS





Automating Builds with TFS

Build Controller

Build Agent

Build Definition

Workspace

XAML file (Build process template)

Build Controller

Each Build Controller is dedicated to a single Team Project Collection.

The Build Controller performs lightweight tasks, such as determining the name of the build, creating the label in version control, logging notes, and reporting status from the build.

The Build Controller distribute the processor-intensive work of your build process to its pool of build agents.

The Build Controller does not typically require significant processor time, in some cases you can host it on the same computer as your Team Foundation Server.

Build Agent

Each build agent is dedicated to and controlled by a single build controller.

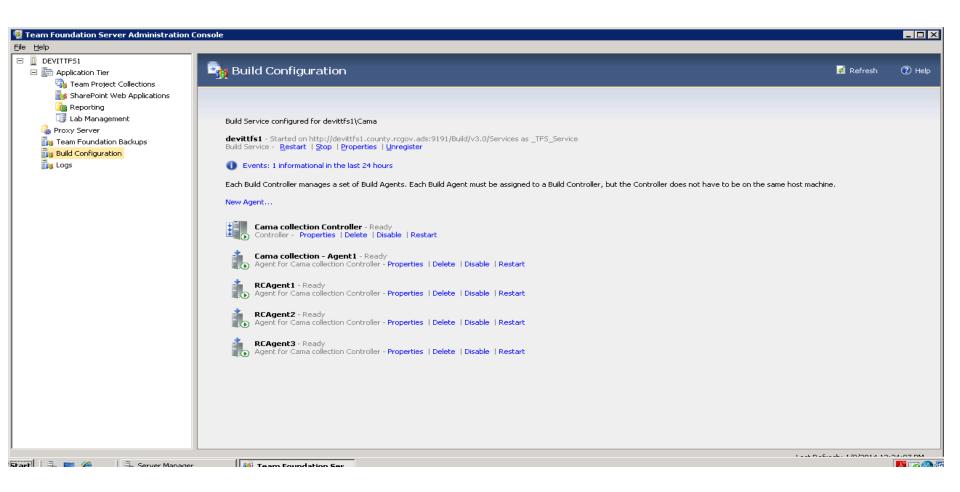
Build agents can be hosted on the same build server that hosts their build controller

The build agent executes the steps of your build process that are contained in the AgentScope activity. Typically, these steps include getting files from version control, provisioning the workspace, compiling the code, running tests, and merging files back into version control.

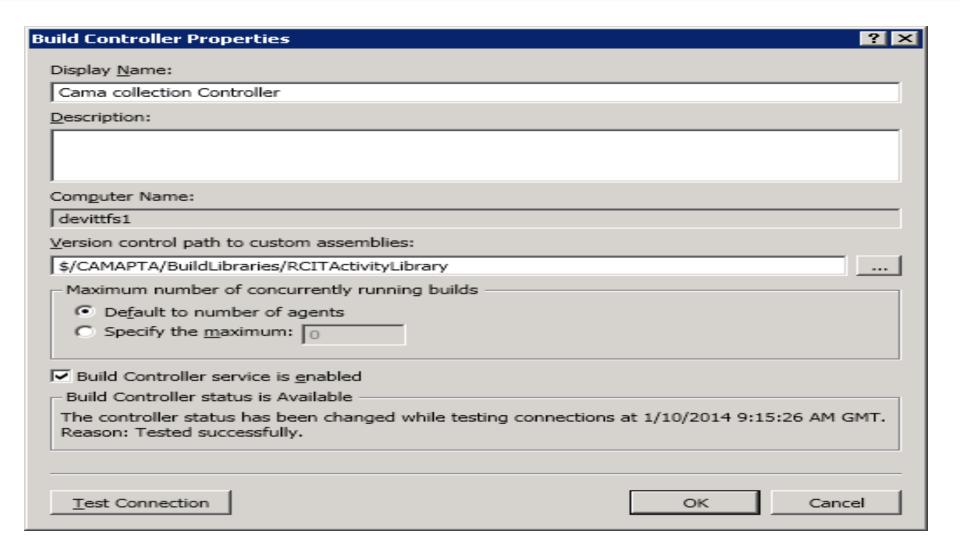
AgentScope activity: In the XAML file there is an Activity called "Run on Agent". You can add custom created activities to the "Run on Agent" activity.

All activities in the "Run on Agent" are in the AgentScope.

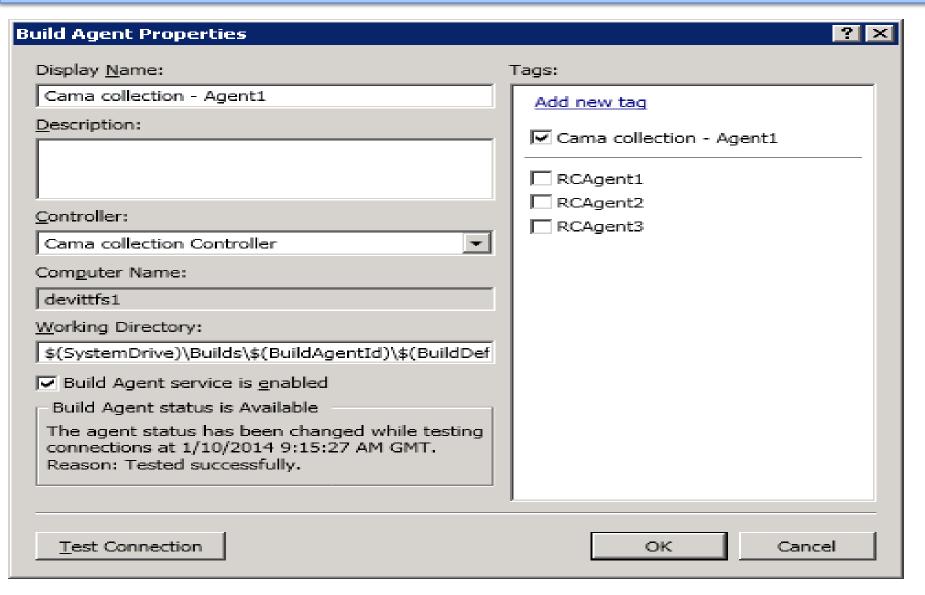
Configuring Build Controller and Agents



Properties of Build Controller



Properties of Build Agent



Recommendation By Microsoft On Setting Up Build Agents

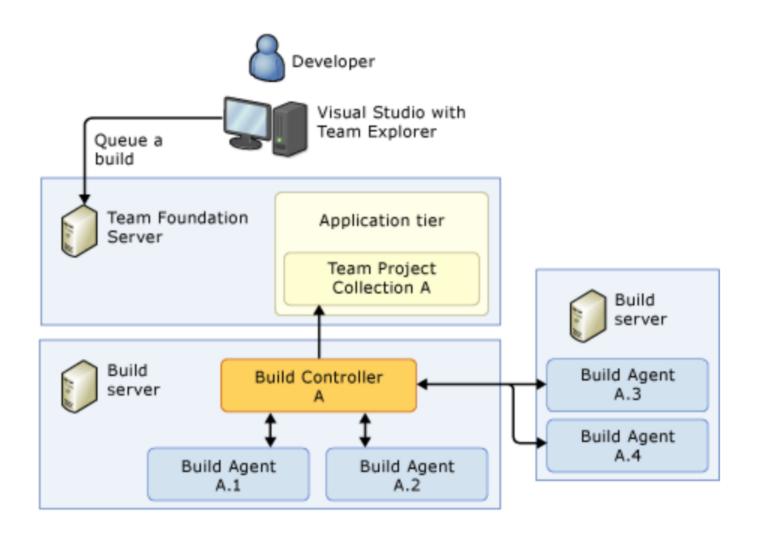
If you installed Team Foundation Build Service on the same server as Team Foundation Server or are using the hosted service, the default setting for Number of build agents to run on this build machine is 1 (recommended).

Choose Scale out build services to run concurrent builds across multiple machines. If you choose this option, you have to specify the number of build agents for this machine and then add them to a new or existing build controller.

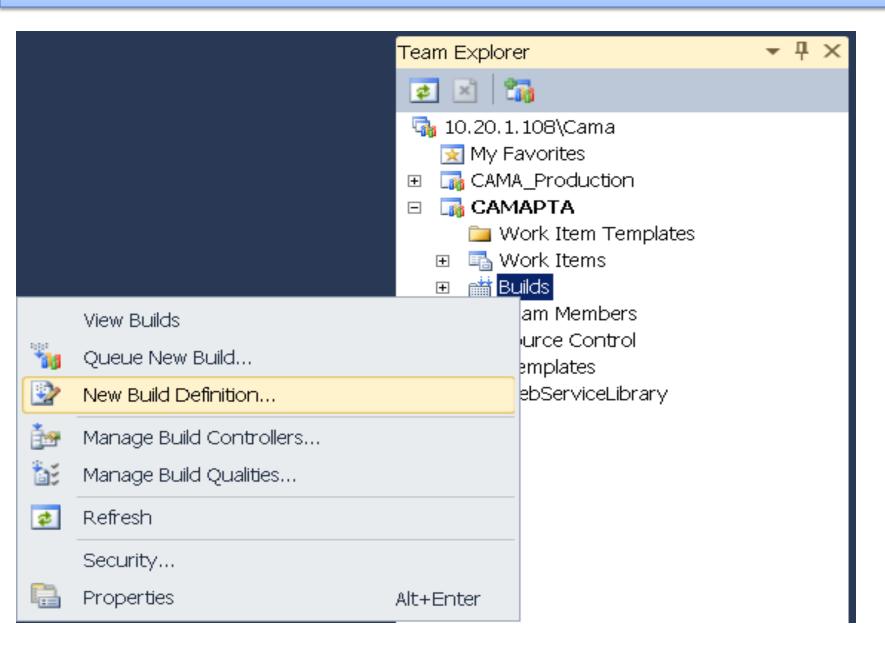
If you installed Team Foundation Build Service on its own server, the default setting for Number of build agents to run on this build machine is equal to the number of processor cores on this server.

Source: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/vstudio/ee259683(v=vs.110).aspx

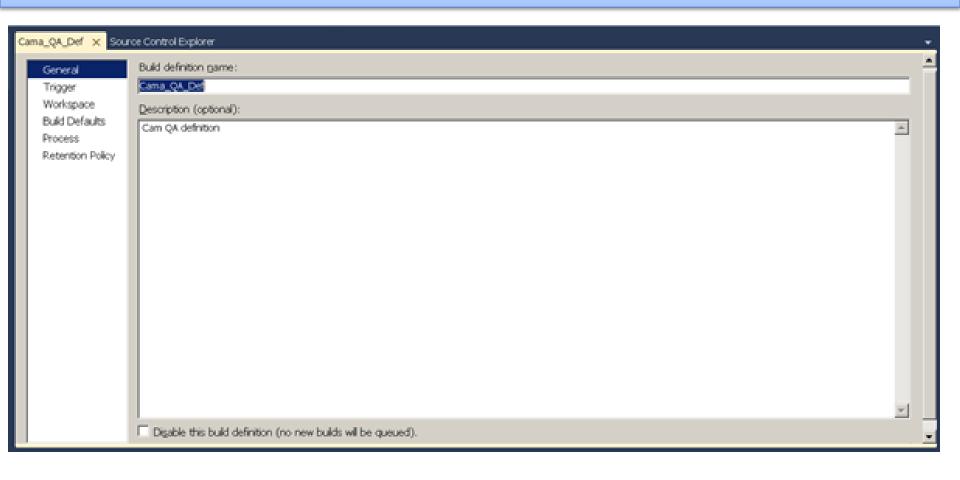
Build Server Configuration



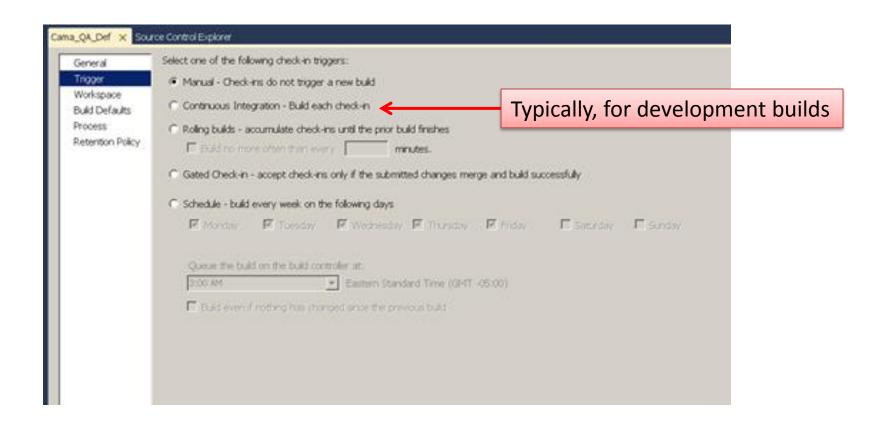
Build Definition



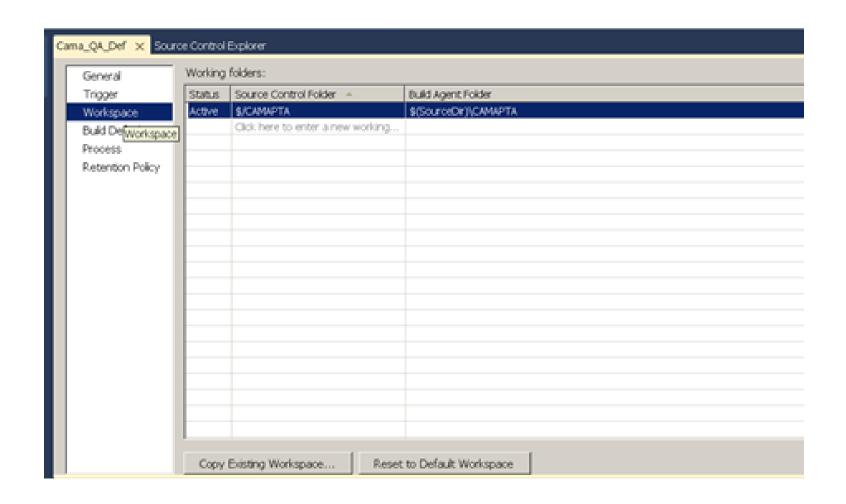
Creating a new Build Definition



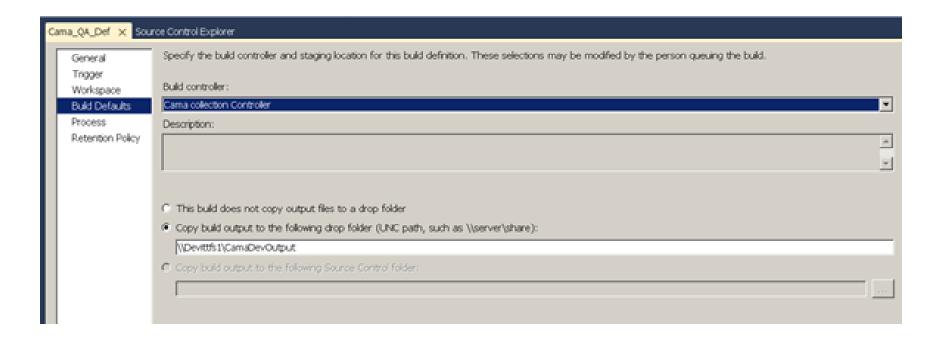
Build Definition *Trigger*



Build Definition Workspace



Build Definition *Defaults*



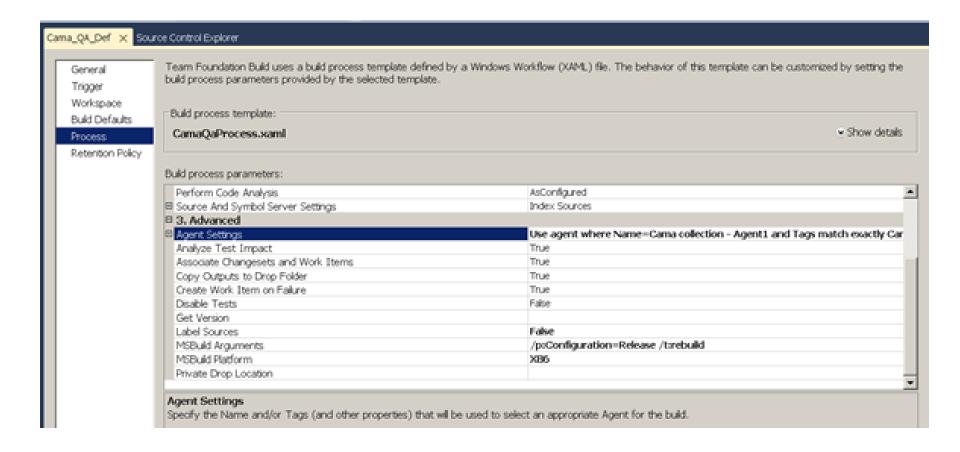
Build Definition Process



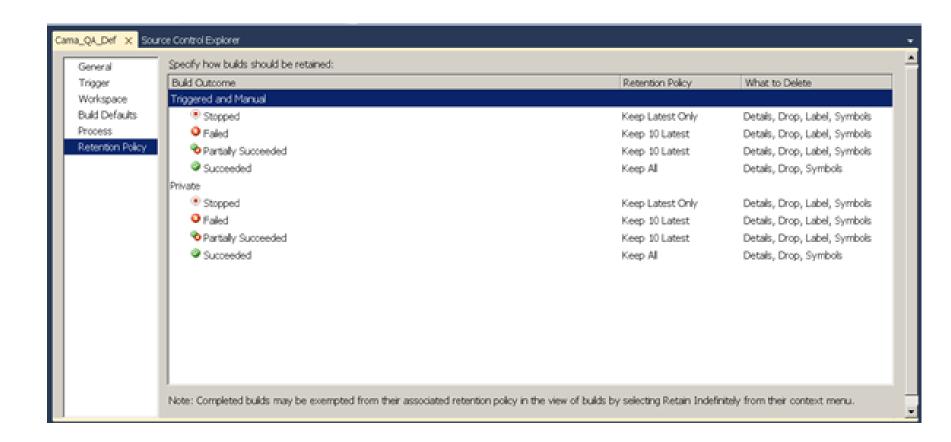
Build Definition *Process (Specify Build Agent)*



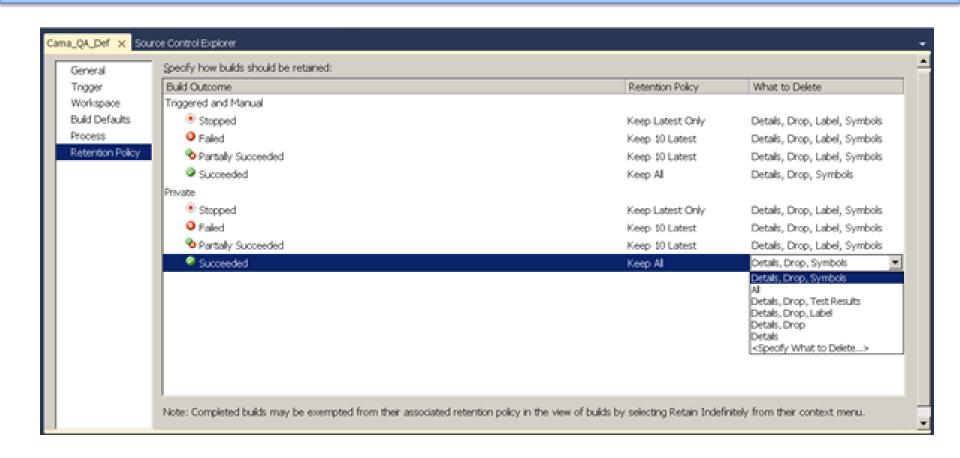
Build Definition *Process (Specify MSBuild Info)*



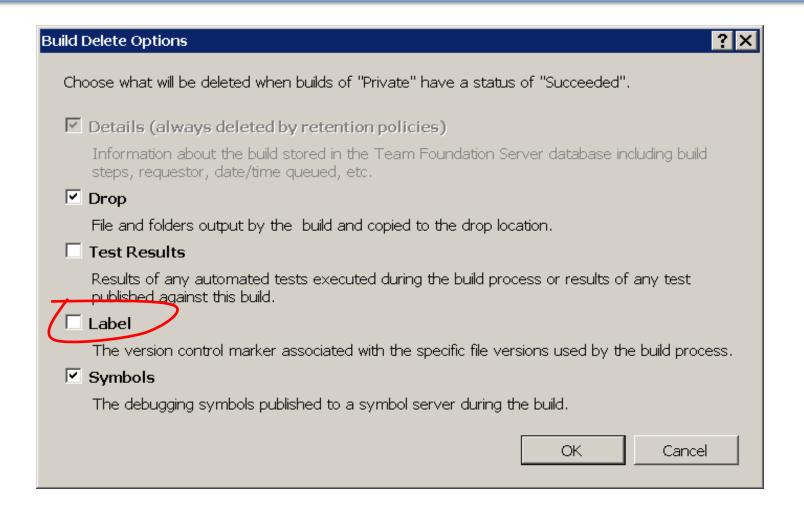
Build Definition Retention Policy



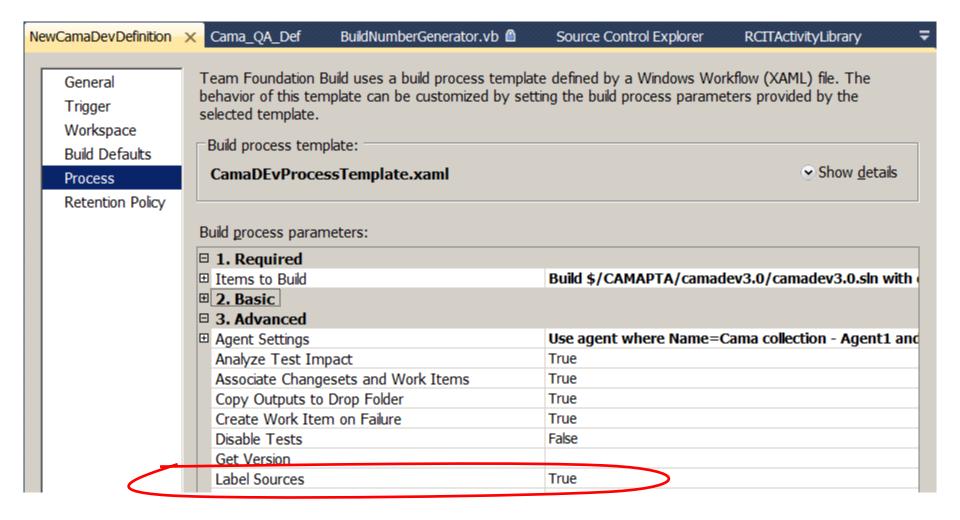
Build Definition Retention Policy (Delete policy)



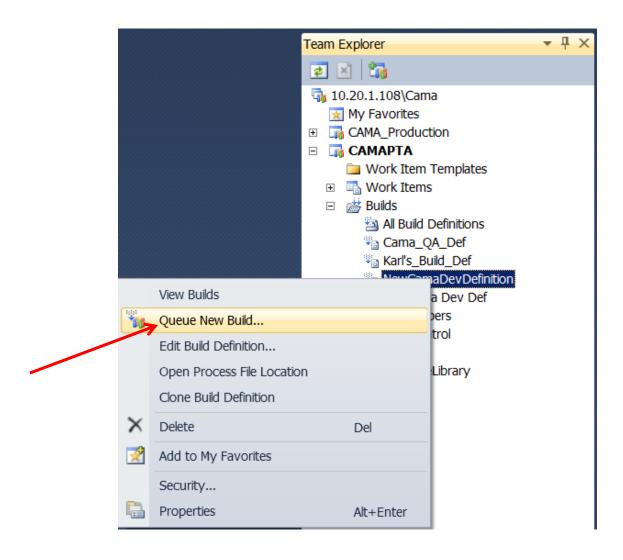
Build Definition Retention Policy (Delete policy - Options)

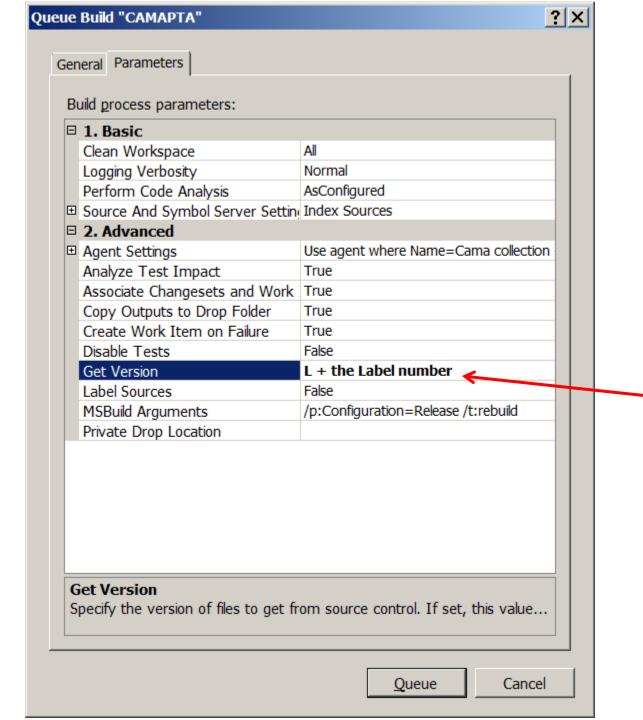


Manual Build Kick-Off

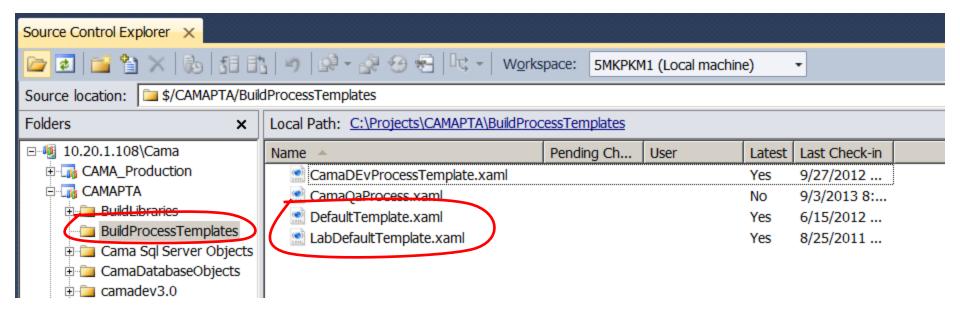


Kick-Off Build

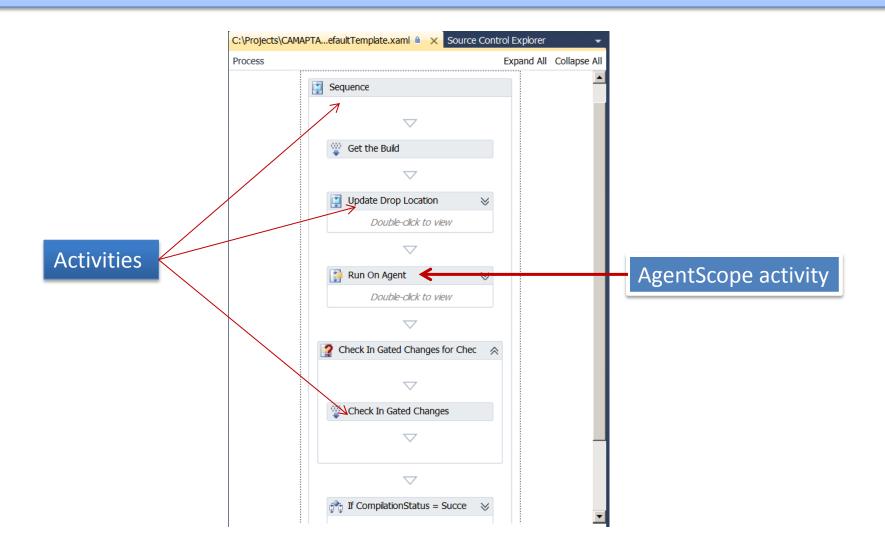




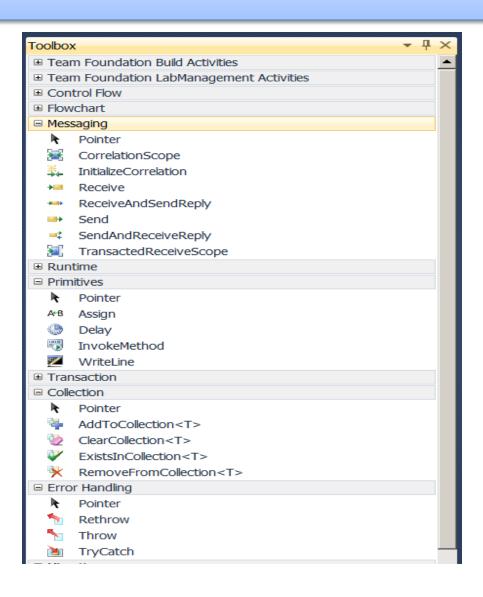
The XAML (Workflow) file Templates



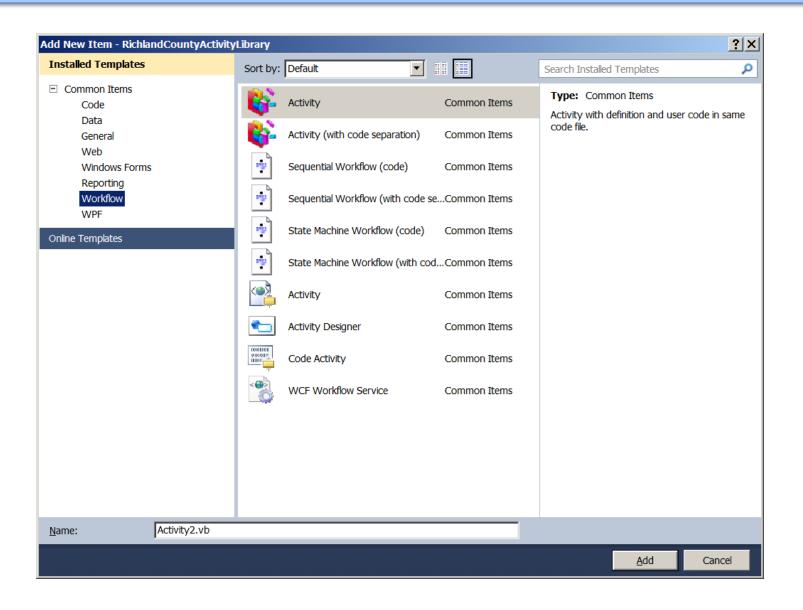
Build Process XAML (Workflow)



XAML (Workflow) Activity Toolbox



Create Custom Activity

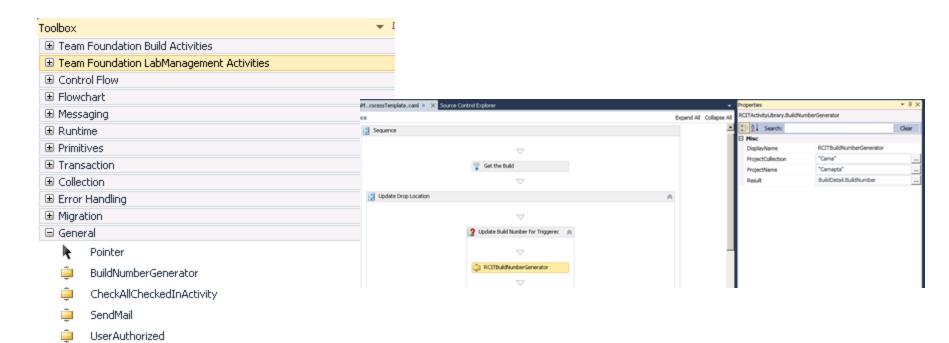


Adding Custom Activities to the XAML Toolbox

The DLL containing the custom activities needs to be registered in the GAC, using gacutil.exe, on the machine that the XAML will be executed.

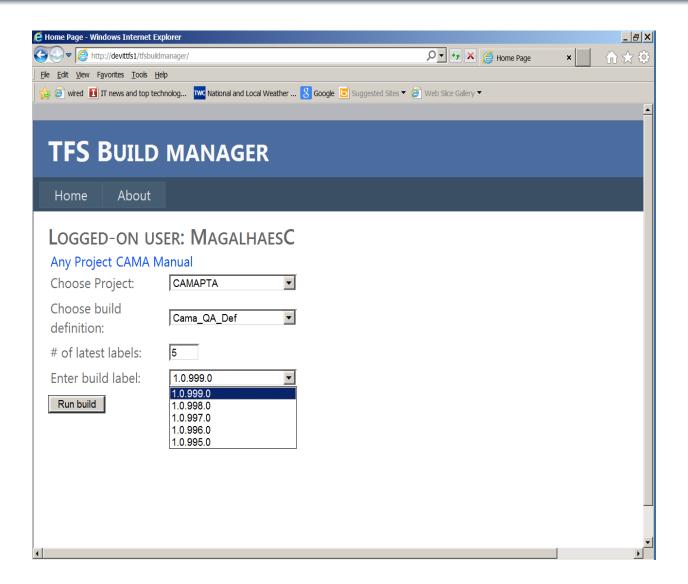
Right click on the Toolbox and click on "Choose Items..."

Add the custom activities DLL

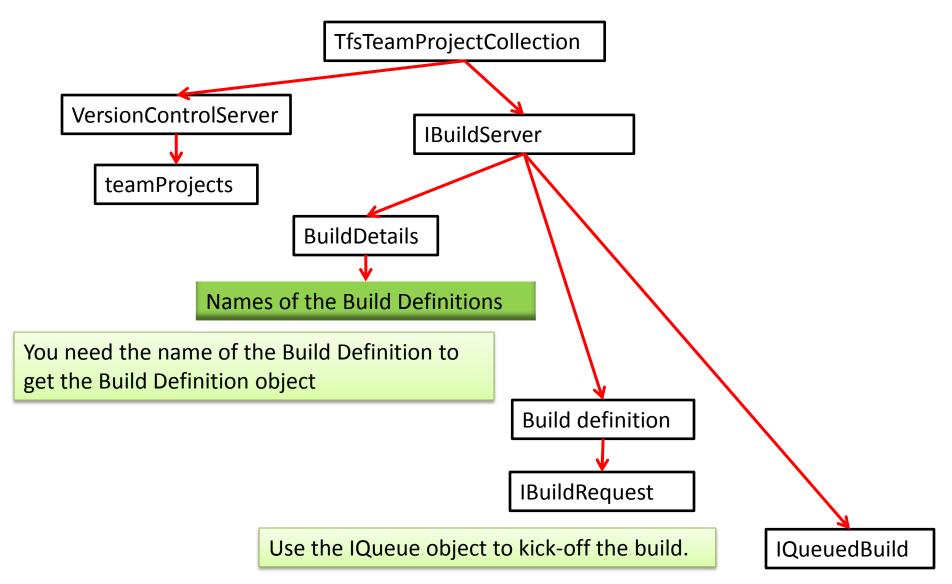


Programmatically Interfacing with TFS

Web Page used by Analyst to Kick-Off QA Build



TFS Objects to programmatically connect to TFS and do builds, etc.



Required Team Foundation references

Imports Microsoft.TeamFoundation.Build
Imports Microsoft.TeamFoundation.Build.Client
Imports Microsoft.TeamFoundation.Client
Imports Microsoft.TeamFoundation.VersionControl.Client
Imports Microsoft.TeamFoundation.Framework.Client

Code sample

Dim tfsProjCollection = TfsTeamProjectCollectionFactory.GetTeamProjectCollection(New

Uri("http://Devittfs1:8080/tfs/cama"), New UICredentialsProvider())

Dim tfsVersionControlServer = tfsProjCollection.GetService(Of VersionControlServer)()

Dim tfsBuildServer = tfsProjCollection.GetService(Of IBuildServer)()

Dim teamProjects = tfsVersionControlServer.GetAllTeamProjects(True)

Dim buildDetails = tfsBuildServer.QueryBuilds(Project Name) Dim defNames = (From a In buildDetails

Select a.BuildDefinition.Name).Distinct Dim buildDef As IBuildDefinition =

tfsBuildServer.GetBuildDefinition(projectName,definitionName) Dim buildRequest As IBuildRequest = buildDef.CreateBuildRequest

buildRequest.GetOption = GetOption.Custom

buildRequest.CustomGetVersion = "L" & label

'L' indicates to TFS that the text passed is a label.

buildRequest.RequestedFor = Request.LogonUserIdentity.Name

Dim queue As IQueuedBuild = TFSBuildServer.QueueBuild(buildRequest, QueueOptions.None)

queue.WaitForBuildStart()

Demo a triggered build

Questions ???

Thank You

Canute Magalhaes

Contact: MagalhaesC@rcgov.us